

# **MEASUREMENT OF WEIGHT USING DIGITAL BALANCES**

# **TESTING ACCURACY OF DIGITAL BALANCES**

**Weight and body mass index (BMI) are two important parameters used for assessment of nutritional status in all age groups**

**With the advent of battery operated digital balances accurate measurement of weight of different age groups in community or hospital setting has become easier**

**However as accuracy of balances is an essential prerequisite for accurate measurement of weight.**

**It is imperative that accuracy of balances are tested**

**➤ using standard weights certified by the Deptt of Weights and Measures and checking the weight recorded by the balance**

**➤ by weighing persons of varying weights five times in the test balances and comparing it with the weight of the same person weighed using the standard balance**

# **TESTING ACCURACY AND SENSITIVITY OF DIGITAL BALANCES**

# **DIGITAL BALANCE**



**Numerous digital weighing machines are available**

**For surveys it is preferable to use lithium battery operated machines which can weigh persons with weight ranging from 5- 150 kg and have the accuracy of 100g**

**Accuracy and sensitivity of digital balances are to be tested against the standard weights and weights of persons and compared with the standard digital weighing machine**



**5KG**



**5 + 2 = 7KG**



**5 + 2 + 1 = 8KG**



**5 + 2 + 1 + 0.5 = 8.5KG**

**TESTING ACCURACY OF BALANCE USING STANDARD WEIGHTS**



**5 + 2 + 1 + 0.5 + 0.2 = 8.7 KG**

## **TESTING ACCURACY OF BALANCE USING STANDARD WEIGHTS**

Deptt of Weights and Measures certified Standard weights of 5,2,1,0.5,0.2 and 0.1 kg are used

Weigh first 5 kg and then 7,8,8.5, 8.7 and 8.8 kg as shown in the figures .

The balance should record weights with accuracy of  $\pm 0.1$  kg



**Weigh five adults five times in each test balance**

**Weigh the same five adults once in the standard balance**

**The difference between weights measured by test balance & standard balance should not be  $> 0.1$  kg**



		P	R	V	K	S
<b>TEST BALANCE</b>	1	70.3	80.9	83.7	78.3	49.9
	2	70.3	81.0	83.7	78.3	49.9
	3	70.3	81.0	83.6	78.3	49.9
	4	70.3	81.0	83.7	78.3	49.9
	5	70.3	81.0	83.7	78.3	49.9
<b>STANDARD BALANCE</b>		70.3	81.0	83.7	78.3	49.9

For testing accuracy , five adults were weighed five times in test balance and once in standard balance

Four individuals' weight was the same both in test and standard balance (table above)

In two individuals there was one reading each which was lower by 100grams

This balance is accurate as only two of the 25 readings showed difference of 100 grams as compared to the standard balance



# **TESTING SENSITIVITY OF ELECTRONIC BALANCES**

**In both hospital and community settings the same balance is used to weigh all persons from neonate to elderly**

**Infants and young children do not like to be separated from the mother and weighed . Use of 100g sensitive digital makes it possible to accurately measure weight of infants and young children carried by the mother or care giver**

**As first step the mother carrying the infant is weighed**

**Then the infant is taken by others and the mother or care giver alone is weighed**

**The weight of the baby is computed by subtracting mother's weight from the total weight of mother carrying the baby**

**Accurate measurement of weight of the infant within 100 grams is essential for assessing weight for age and BMI for age**

**Some balances which are accurate while weighing standard weights or weighing adults may not be sensitive upto 100grams when the mother is carrying the baby**

**It is therefore essential to test the sensitivity of the balance by weighing adults carrying standard weights**

# **TESTING SENSITIVITY OF ELECTRONIC BALANCES**

**In CAB component of AHS the same balance is used to weigh all persons from neonate to elderly**

**Infants and young children who cannot stand by themselves are carried by the mother or care giver**

**Mother or care giver carrying the baby is weighed first**

**Then the infant is taken by others and the mother or care giver alone is weighed**

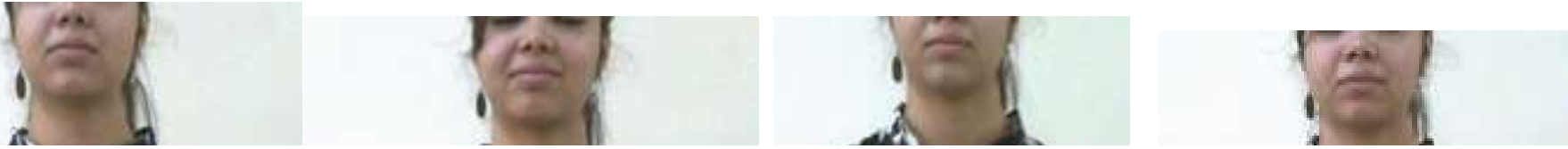
**The weight of the baby is computed by subtracting mother's weight from the total weight of mother and the baby**

**Accurate measurement of weight of the infant within 100 grams is essential for assessing weight for age and BMI for age**

**Some balances which are accurate while weighing standard weights or weighing adults may not be sensitive upto 100grams when the mother is carrying the baby**

**It is therefore essential to test the sensitivity of the balance by making adults carry standard weights**

# TESTING SENSITIVITY OF BALANCES (ADULT + STANDARD WT )



**Weigh the adult**

**Weigh the adult carrying 5 kg, 7 kg, and 8 kg**

**The combined of adult and the standard weight should be within  $\pm 0.1$  kg of the computed total weight**



# TESTING SENSITIVITY OF BALANCES (ADULT + STANDARD WT )



# TESTING SENSITIVITY OF BALANCES (ADULT + STANDARD WT )

Weigh the Adult carrying 8(5+2+1) kg and 8.5., 8.7 and 8.8 kg as shown in the figures

The combined weight of adult and the standard weight should be within  $\pm 0.1$  kg of the computed total weight

## **OTHER PROBLEMS**

**Digital balances should **never** be stacked one on the top of the other**

**Always remove the battery and store it safely in a dry zip lock bag**

**If balance shows low battery or does not switch on – check the battery .**

**if in doubt about the battery change the battery and then undertake test for accuracy**

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# **CHECKING ACCURACY OF THE DIGITAL WEIGHING MACHINE IN COMMUNITY SETTINGS**

**Weight is one of the most widely used parameters for assessment of nutritional status. It is therefore essential to ensure accurate recording of weight in nutrition surveys .**

**Digital weighing machines minimize errors in weighing.**

**Everyday before the weighing persons, digital weighing machine is to be checked for accuracy.**

**Weights certified by the Deptt of Weights and measures are available with the provision merchants and vegetable vendors**

**These certified weights can be borrowed for a short time to check the accuracy of the balance.**





**Mother standing straight on the digital balance**

## Checking sensitivity of the balance



**Mother's weight is 43.5 kg**

## Checking sensitivity of the balance



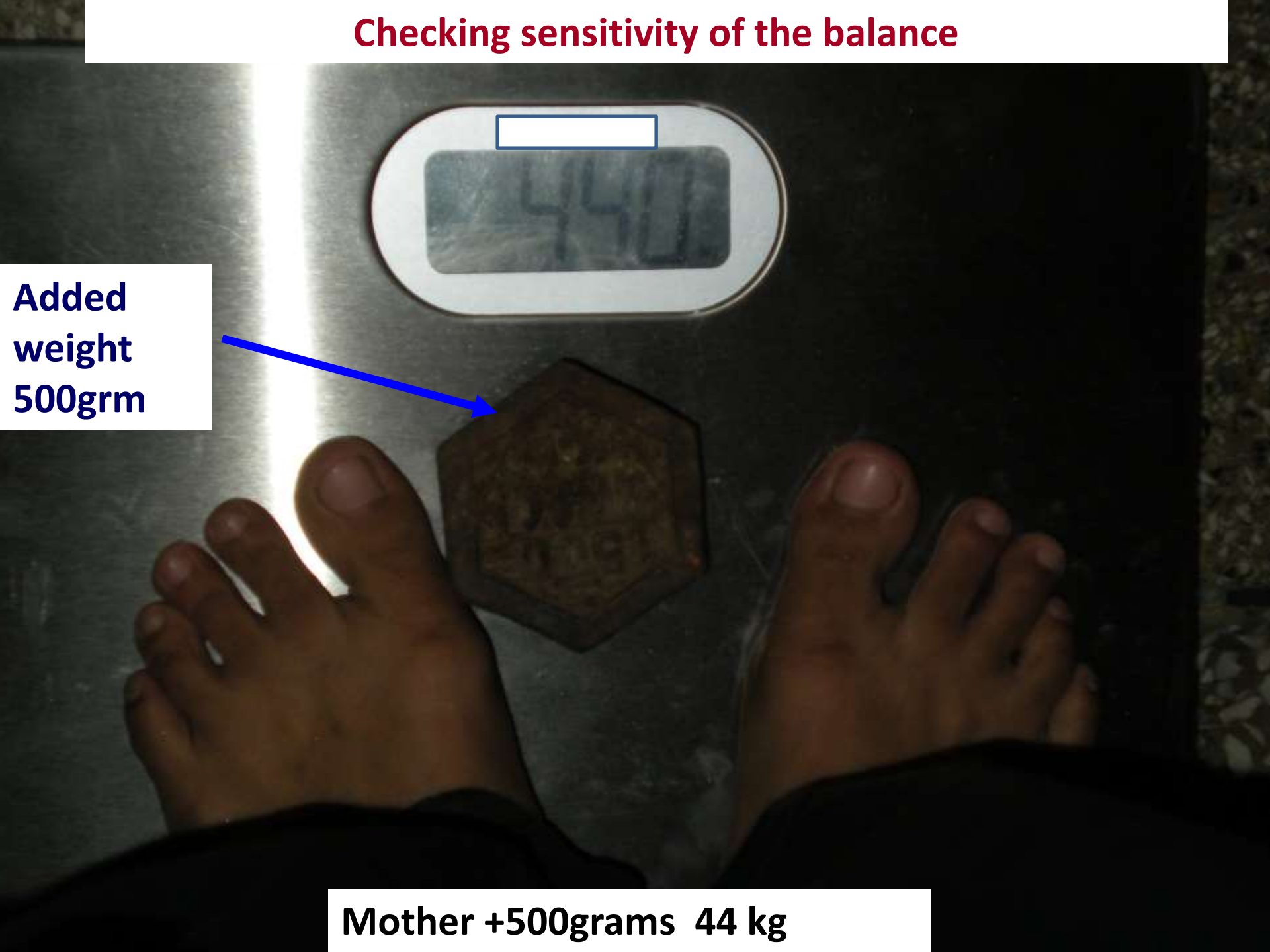
Added  
weight 1  
kg

Mother and 1kg weight now is 44.5 kg

## Checking sensitivity of the balance

Added  
weight  
500gram

Mother +500grams 44 kg



# Checking sensitivity of the balance

Added weight  
100gram



Mother + 100grams 43.6 kg

# **WEIGHING INFANTS, CHILDREN AND ADULTS**



## **MEASUREMENT OF INFANT'S WEIGHT**

**Weight when mother is carrying the infant is 59.3 kg**

**Weight of mother is 54.2 kg**

**Therefore infant's weight is 5.1kg**



## **MEASUREMENT OF INFANT'S WEIGHT**

Infants are usually comfortable when they are being carried by the mother/ care giver

Mother carrying the infant is weighed

Then mother alone is weighed

The difference in the weight between mother+ infant ( 51.5 kg ) and mother alone ( 43.4 kg) is the weight of the infant (8.1 kg )







**In urban settings many fathers share the parenting tasks of their children  
They respond readily and help survey teams**



Young children who watch their mothers and other children getting weighed, will willingly stand and get weighed





**Child who are not happy should be cajoled so that they happily get on to the balance for getting weighed . His weight is 12.3kg**





**This man's weight is 48.9 kg**

**This girl weighs 38.8kg**

